Incidence of childhood cancer in Latin America and the Caribbean

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<u>Neimar de Paula Silva</u>¹, Murielle Colombet¹, Florencia Moreno², Friederike Erdmann³, Anastasia Dolya¹, Marion Piñeros¹, Charles A Stiller⁴, Eva Steliarova-Foucher¹*, and the IICC-3 contributors

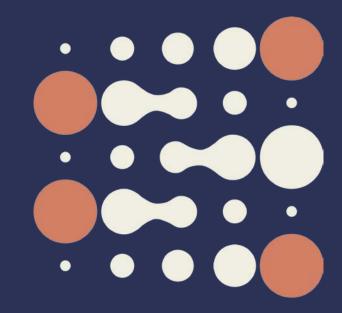
 ¹Cancer surveillance branch, International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC/WHO), Lyon, France
²Argentinian Paediatric Oncology Registry, National Cancer Institute, Ministry of Health, Buenos Aires, Argentina
³Research Group Aetiology and Inequalities in Childhood Cancer, Division of Childhood Cancer Epidemiology, Institute of Medical Biostatistics, Epidemiology and Informatics (IMBEI), University Medical Center of the Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz
⁴National Disease Registration Service, NHS England, UK

Email: <u>depaulasilvan@iarc.who.int</u>

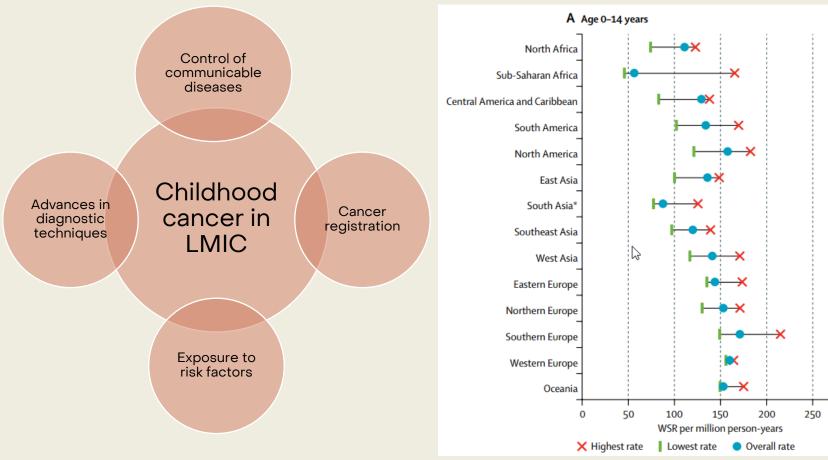
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International Agency for Research on Cancer





Childhood cancer in low- and middle-income countries



Incidence of childhood cancer 2001-2010^a



Study aims

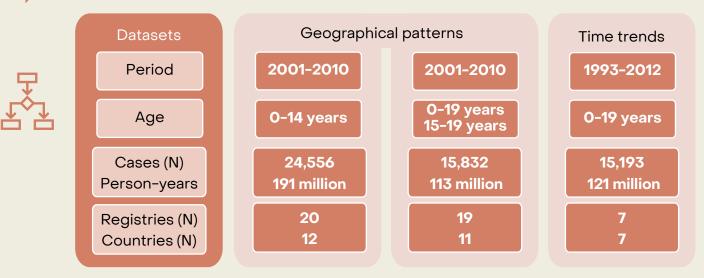
- Geographical patterns (2001-2010)
- Time trends (1993-2012) of cancer incidence
- Evolution of childhood cancer registration in Latin America and the Caribbean

300

Data sources, processing, and analysis

Individual records – International Incidence of Childhood Cancer (IICC-3)^a

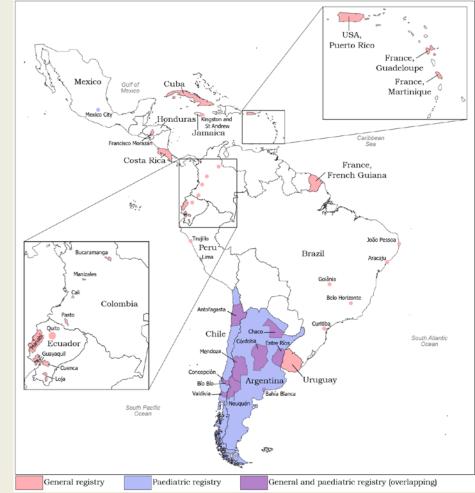
International Classification of Childhood Cancer (ICCC-3-2017)^b Database quality controlled^a



Age-specific rates (ASR) age <1, 1-4, 5-9, 10-14, 15-19 years Age-standardised rates (WSR) 0-14, 0-19 years – World standard population^c

Time trends – weighted linear regression model

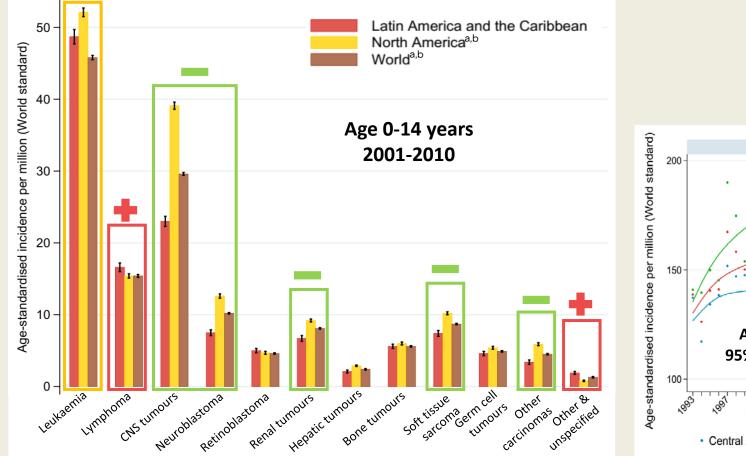
Populations of Latin America and the Caribbean covered in IICC-3



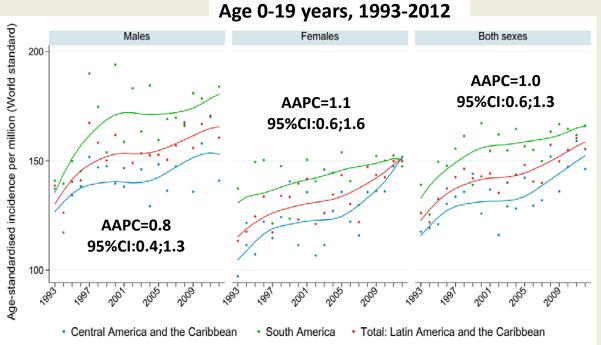
^aSteliarova-Foucher, Colombet et al. 2017 ^bSteliarova-Foucher, Colombet et al. In press (<u>iicc.iarc.who.int</u>) ^cSegi, Fujisaku et al. 1960

Incidence rates and trends in Latin America and the Caribbean

Overall incidence rate per million person-years in Latin America and the Caribbean:



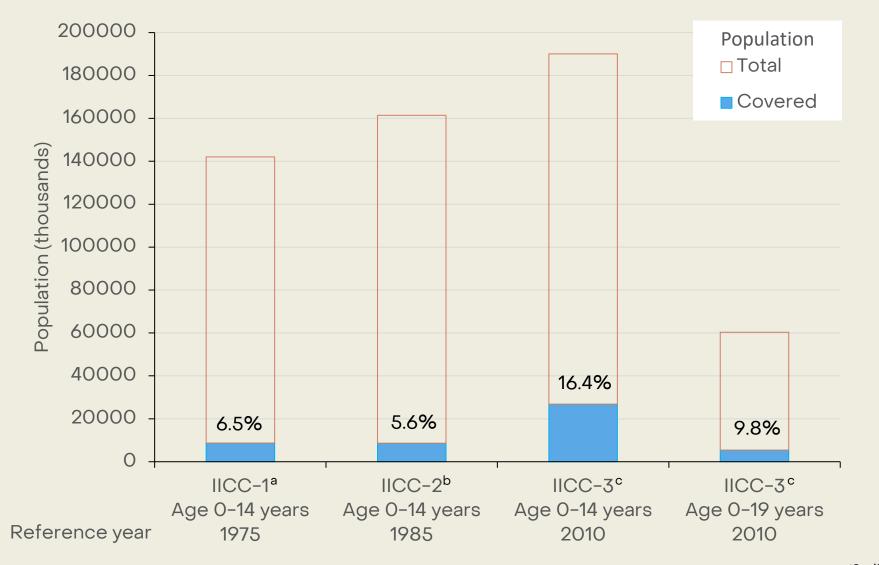
- Age range 0-19 years = 139.0
- Age group 15-19 years = 152.3



^aSteliarova-Foucher, Colombet et al. 2017 ^bSteliarova-Foucher, Colombet et al. In press (<u>iicc.iarc.who.int</u>) AAPC, average annual percentage change

[•] Age range 0-14 years = 132.6

Coverage of childhood population in Latin America and the Caribbean by cancer registries included in IICC



Participation of registries in IICC-3:

Results

- 91 invited
- 54 submitted
- 38 included

IICC, International incidence of childhood cancer ^aParkin, Stiller et al. 1988 ^bParkin, Kramarova et al. 1998 ^cSteliarova-Foucher, Colombet et al. In press (<u>iicc.iarc.who.int</u>)

Take home message

- Incidence per million in 2001-2010: 132.6 in age 0-14 years & 152.3 in age group 15-19 years
 - Intermediate on a global scale
 - Lymphoma highest
 - Leukaemia intermediate
 - Most other tumour groups lower
- Incidence over 1993-2012 increased by 1.0% per year in age 0-19 years
- Coverage of childhood population by cancer registries is inadequate
- International collaboration is the key for better understanding childhood cancer

Our action

- Call for sustained governmental support
- Building capacity in the region through the ChildGICR in collaboration with St Jude
- Support to development of childhood cancer registration in LAC
 - Mexico ChildGICR target country for implementation



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Thank you for your attention!

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