# Waterpipe and cigarette epigenome analysis reveals markers implicated in addiction and smoking type inference

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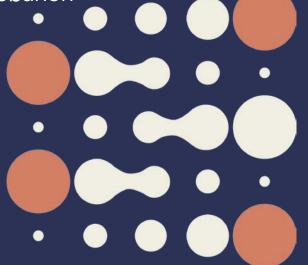
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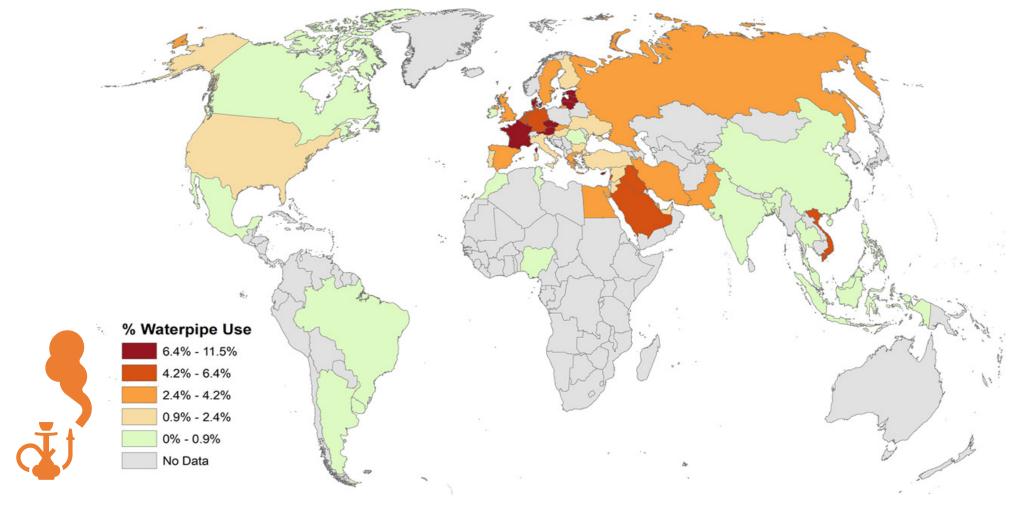
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Waterpipe Smoking: Prevalence in the World



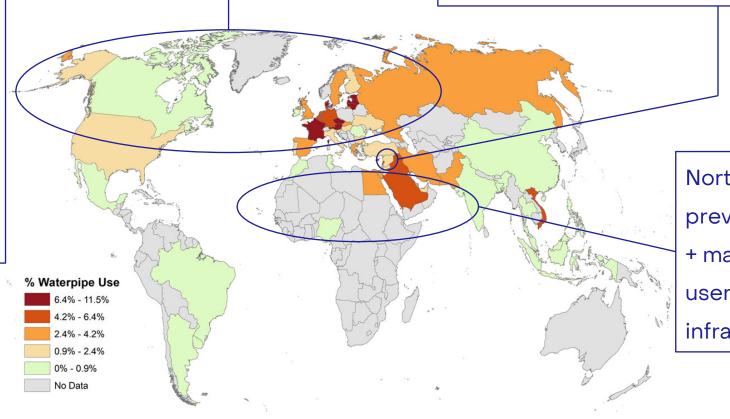


This global spread is catalyzed by the strong social appeal of waterpipe, its disguised fruit flavors and the misconception that the water in the jug detoxifies tobacco.

## Epidemiologic, mechanistic, and molecular data on waterpipe smoking are very limited

North America/Europe: waterpipe prevalence on the rise but mostly among young people (i.e. long-term follow-up is yet needed) + users tend to use other tobacco products.

Logical place to start with is Lebanon: high waterpipe prevalence + long-term nature + solid research infrastructure, etc.



North Africa: high waterpipe prevalence since many years + many are waterpipe-only users. But epidemiologic infrastructure is limited.

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Knowing that the epigenome functions as a molecular imprint of nature & nurture with a central player in cancer,

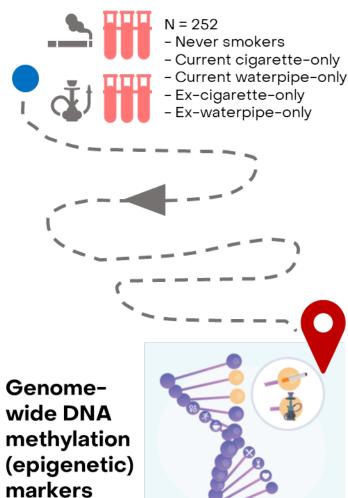


## Aims:

- Does waterpipe smoking leave an epigenetic mark on our DNA?
- If so, how comparable is this mark to that of cigarette?
- What are the biological implications?

### **Discovery**

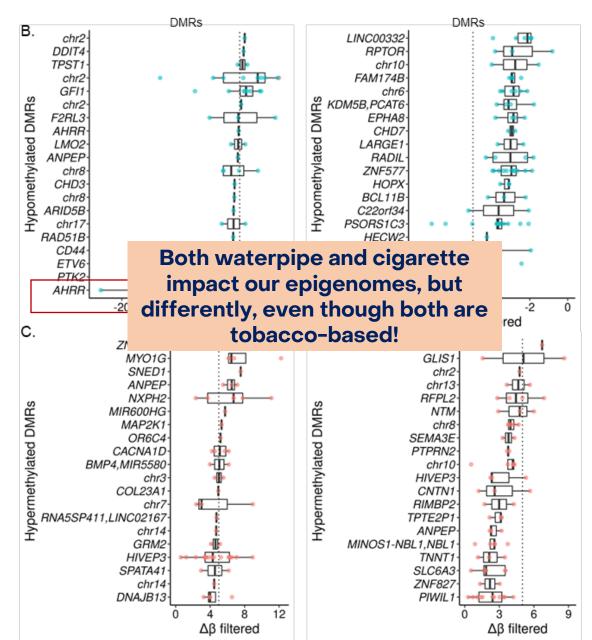
### **Greater Beirut cohort**



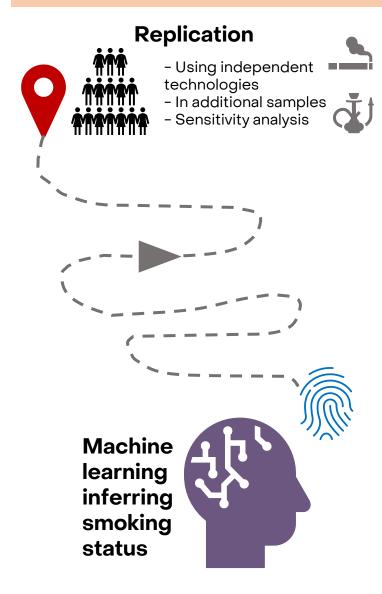




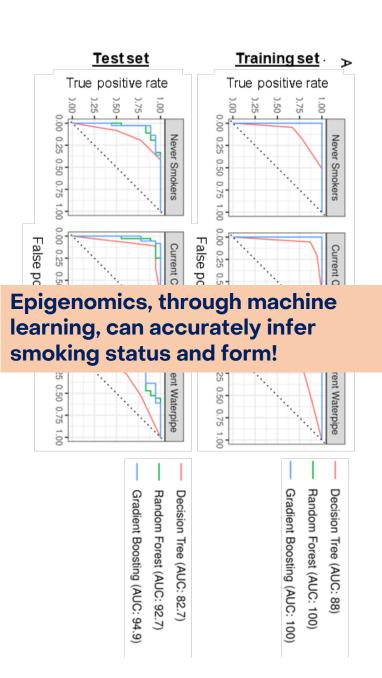




### **Validation & Reverse Inference**

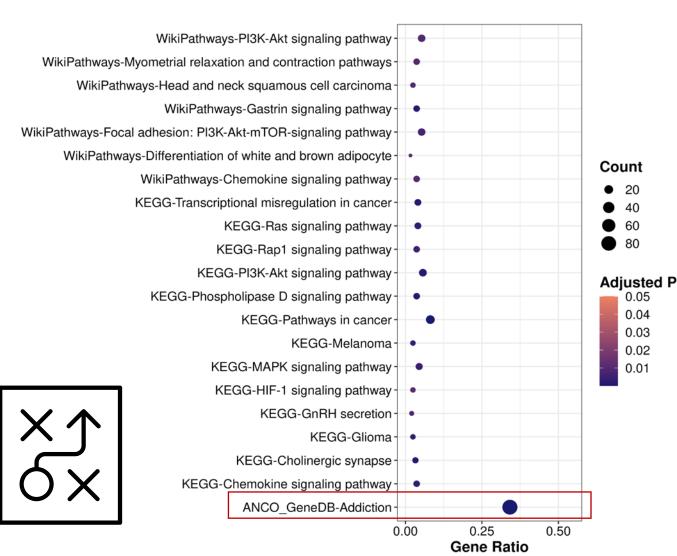


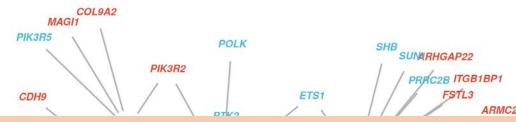
Could we trace the results using machine learning and use the subjects' epigenome to determine whether or not they are smokers? And if so, determine the type of smoking used by smokers?



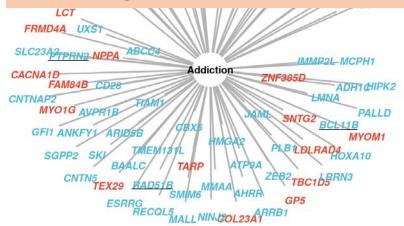
### **Biological Mapping**

### Current cigarette-only vs. never smokers





The epigenetically altered genes were not associated with genetic etiology of tobacco use, and the methylation levels of addiction genes, in particular, were more likely to reverse after smoking cessation, hence, offering promising targets for prevention and therapy!



0.04

0.02

0.01

# **Impact**

 These robust biomarkers of tobacco smoking can offer actionable targets to reverse the epigenetic memory of addiction as a central player in cancer prevention strategies.



# **Ongoing work:**

- Enrichment of these markers in cancers and association with clinical readouts (pan-cancer epigenome analysis).
- Bio-engineered smoking robots for experimental carcinogenesis models.



### Acknowledgements

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- INCa-IReSP (PI: A. Ghantous)

# Key take-home messages

Waterpipe/Hookah is not just another form of tobacco as cigarette. It impacts our DNA differently.

✓ Many are getting hooked by hookah, especially the young, and this is spreading globally. The water does not "detoxify" smoke-this is a misconception!

✓ Tobacco smoking leaves an epigenetic memory on the DNA, and this affects the mechanisms of addiction, as a central player in cancer prevention strategies.

But the epigenetic memory of addiction can be reversed, for better prevention and therapy!

✓ And our 3min video: <a href="https://youtu.be/BV-cH89hJCA">https://youtu.be/BV-cH89hJCA</a>

